

HIGHFIRE RISK PROJECT

BLOW-UP FIRE EVENT (BUFE) POTENTIAL SOUTH-EAST AUSTRALIA

--The Hierarchical Predictive Framework--

Level 1: ; Level 2:

This page shows current Alerts
for Blow-Up Fire Event
potential.

ISSUE DATE:
1 JULY 2026.

This is an Operational Tool.
It is an intelligence product to
aid in informed decision
making, and should not be used
in any other way.

A REQUEST

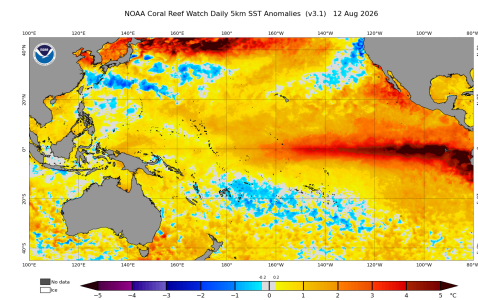
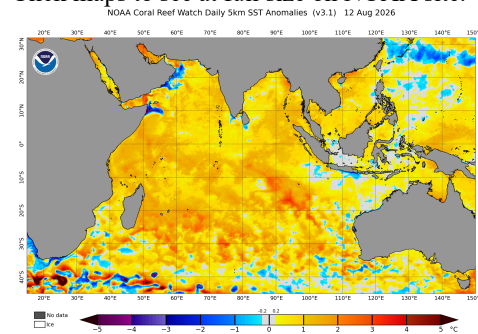
If anyone uses this model
operationally, can they please
send their results to the author:
[Rick McRae](#)



UNSW
CANBERRA

Current daily SSTA charts
(NOAA Coral Reef Watch)

Click maps to see at full size on NOAA site.



LEVEL 1 CANBERRA DIPOLE

Current Alert Status:

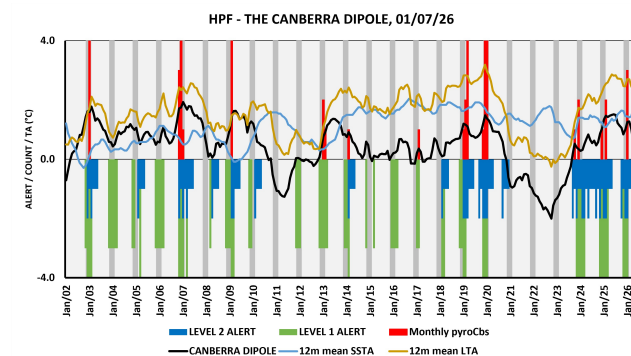


NO ALERT

This reflects interactions
between land and sea that
influence synoptic patterns
conductive to wildfires (or
rain).

Data:

- Sea Surface
Temperature Anomalies
(SSTAs) -
[NOAA Coral Reef
Watch](#);
- Land Temperature
Anomalies (LTAs) &
River flows -



[Click on image to enlarge.]

ANALYSIS: Cooler weather has reduced fire risks in many
areas, and the drought load is reducing.
Seas offshore from SE Australia remain persistently hot
(elevated SSTAs). If these were to dissipate, and if the

[Bureau of Meteorology](#);

- PyroCbs - [Australian pyroCb Register](#).

forecast strong El Nino event were to form, then careful monitoring of the HPF would be essential.

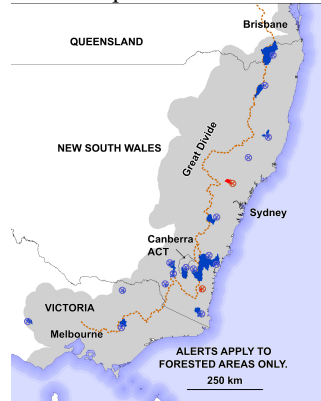
Current Alert Status:



LEVEL 2 ALERT HAS LARGELY ENDED.

LEVEL 2 RIVER DRYING EVENTS

ANALYSIS: Most river flows have risen. Hopefully the risks have dissipated for the winter.



LEVEL 3 BLOW-UP FIRE OUTLOOK

It is recommended that FBANs and other technical specialists learn more about BUFEs. Operations at Level 3 require use of the BUFO2 model to assess the potential for a BUFE during an on-going fire. This requires a series of data feeds specified in the model. It is suggested that FBANs should skill-up on using the BUFO2 model.

[Click here for the BUFO2 worksheet.](#)

[Click here for a PowerPoint presentation on BUFO2, from a workshop at the AFAC21 Conference.](#)

Could anyone using the spreadsheet during the HPF trail please copy their results to us.

Page prepared by:
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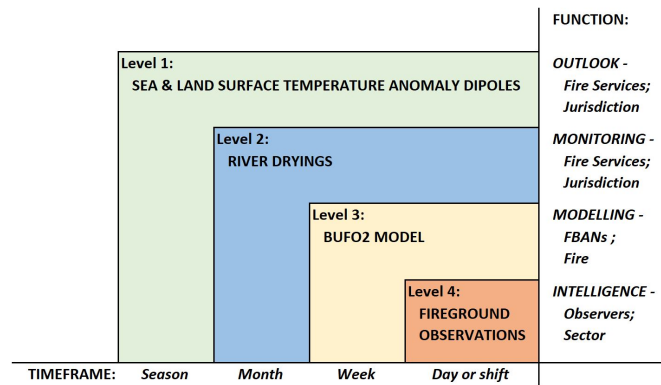


UNSW
Bushfire

BASIS

This work is based on both analyses of data from Black Summer and operational work.
The structure of the four-tier Hierarchical Prediction System is

designed to progress into smaller-scales of timeframe and function, shifting from seasonal outlook to incident operations:



HPF is described in a [peer-reviewed paper](#) in the October 2023 edition of the Australian Journal of Emergency Management. A follow-up [paper](#) reports on HPF performance in the following year.

LEVEL 2 SOURCE DATA

The table and map below describe the stream flow reference sites used.



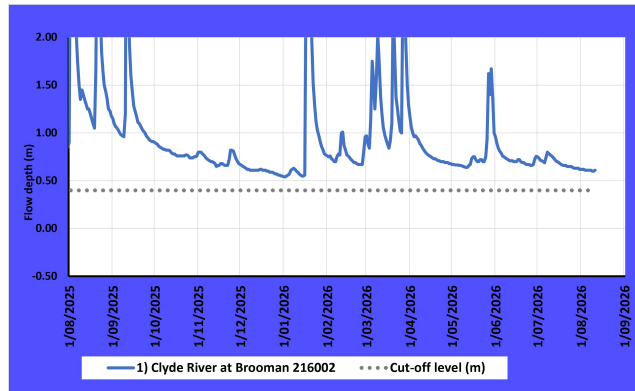
No.	Site Code	Name	Latitude	Longitude	Owner	1st date on record	Concave level (m)
1	216002	Clyde River at Brooman 216002	-35.4681	150.2394	NSW DILW	8/07/1960	0.40
2	212021	MacDonald River at Howes Valley 212021	-32.8611	150.8611	NSW DILW	9/02/1976	-0.10
3	41000261	Goobarragandra River at Mac's Crossing 41000261	-35.4183	148.4357	NSW DILW	13/06/2012	0.90
4	225219	MacAlister River at Glencairn 225219	-37.5162	146.5665	Vic DELWP	7/04/1967	0.30
5	220004	Towamba R at Towamba 220004	-37.0715	149.6593	NSW DILW	5/04/1970	0.35
6	212260	Kowmung River at Cedar Ford 212260	-33.9481	150.2431	NSW DILW	17/05/1968	0.30
7	204014	Mann River at Mitchell 204014	-29.6931	152.106	NSW DILW	10/05/1972	0.20
8	204051	Clarence River at Paddys Flat 204051	-28.7198	152.4198	NSW DILW	26/03/1976	0.55
9	207015	Hastings River at Mt Seaview 207015	-31.3683	152.2425	NSW DILW	31/05/1984	0.55
10	208001	Barrington River at Bob's Crossing 208001	-32.0284	151.4671	NSW DILW	31/01/1944	0.58
11	410535	Murrumbidgee River above Tantangara Reservoir 410535	-35.7706	148.5703	Snowy Hydro Ltd	2/05/1960	0.45
12	401554	Tooma River at Pinogrove 4010148	-36.1	148.26	Snowy Hydro Ltd	19/09/1968	0.90
13	215208	Shoalhaven River at Hillview 215208	-35.1845	149.9536	NSW DILW	6/11/1973	0.45
14	410734	Queanbeyan River at Tinderry 410734	-35.6144	149.35	Icon Water	2/08/1966	0.70
15	403221	Reedy Creek 403221	-36.3109	146.6012	Vic DELWP	11/11/1964	0.22
16	218007	Wadbilliga River at Wadbilliga 218007	-36.257	149.6926	NSW DILW	12/06/1974	0.75
17	410731	Gudgenby River at Tennent 410731	-35.5722	149.0683	Icon Water	12/11/1964	0.45
18	236219	Hopkins R at Ararat	-37.3158	142.9414	DELW&P	30/05/1989	0.075

- A new site 18 has been added - near Ararat in Victoria to represent dryness north-west of Melbourne.
- These plots are of data from the Bureau of Meteorology (BoM) and WaterNSW (<https://realtimedata.watarnsw.com.au/water.stm>).
- These sites do not reflect risk to life or property, rather they are from streams with long

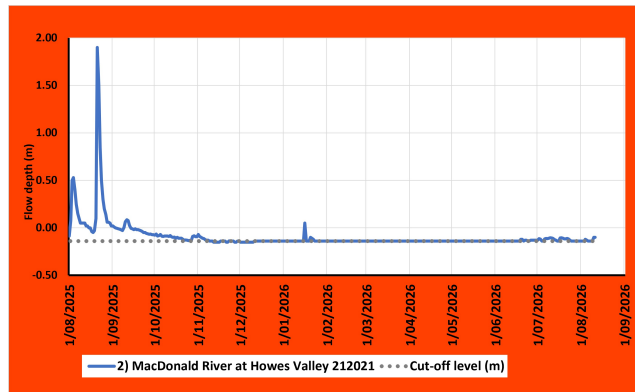
records that are not dammed or otherwise significantly modified, and are intended to reflect underlying hydrological dynamics. Elevated levels or concave drying trends indicate wet landscapes. Near minimum flows or low flows decaying in a convex curve are indicators of a River Drying Event.

- Note that minimum flows are not zero flows - the value reflects the circumstances at the flow measuring station.
- Also note that many catchments burnt out during Black Summer, and this may cause anomalous flow dynamics.
- There are occasional disruptions to data provision, causing gaps in the graphs. These may be removed as datasets are updated.

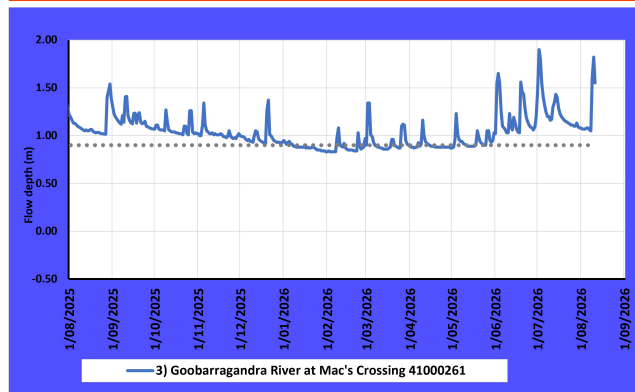
1. Clyde R at Brooman
(site ID 216002)
Min. level = 0.40 m.



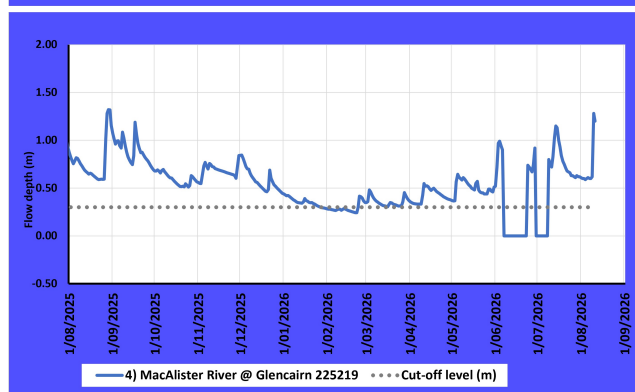
2. Macdonald R at Howes Valley (site ID 212021)
Min. level = -0.10 m.
This site has questionable data - the river is notorious for silting up after major wildfires.



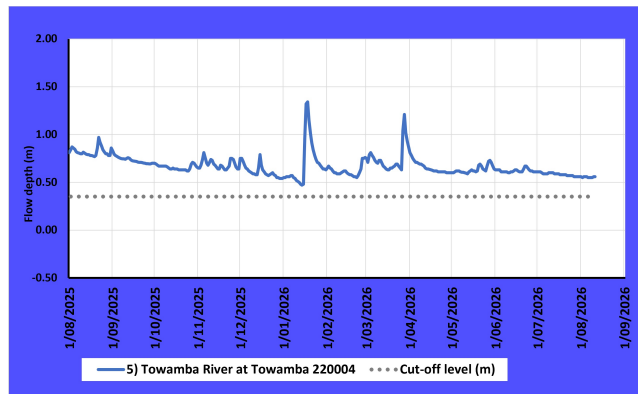
3. Goobarragandra R at Macs Crossing (site ID 41000261)
Min. level = 0.90 m.



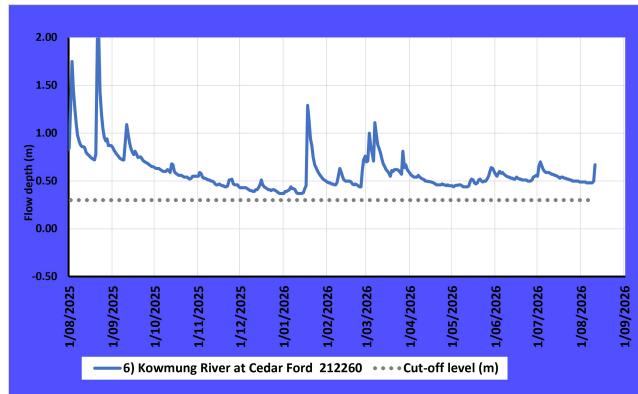
4. Macalister R at Glencairn (site ID 225219)
Min. level = 0.30 m.



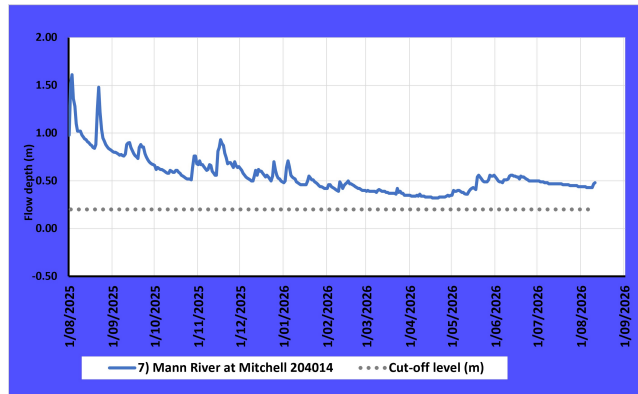
5. Towamba R at
Towamba (site ID 220004)
Min. level = 0.35 m.



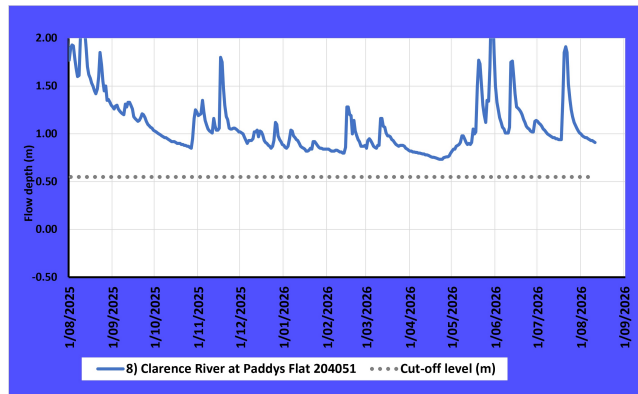
6. Kowmung R at Cedar
Ford (site ID 212260)
Min. level = 0.40 m.



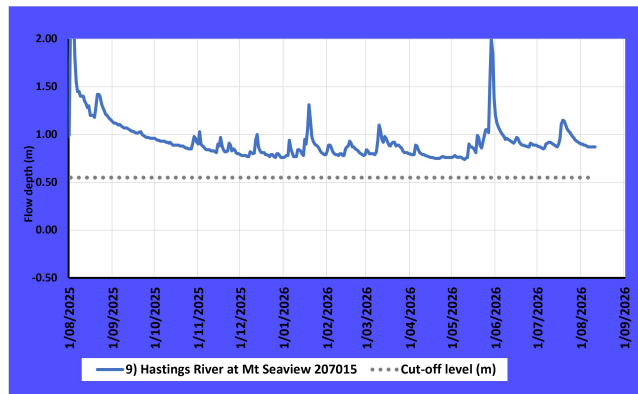
7. Mann R at Mitchell (site
ID 204014)
Min. level = 0.20 m.



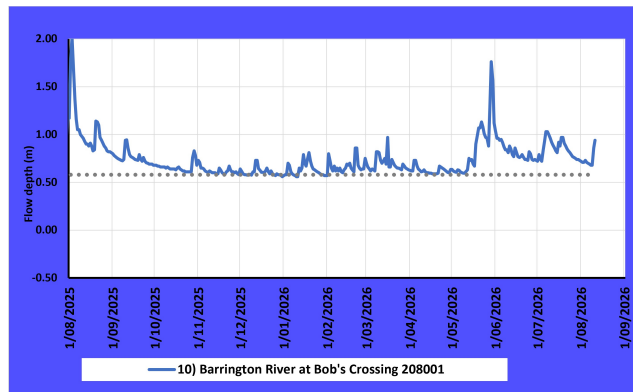
8. Clarence R at Paddys
Flat (site ID 204051)
Min. level = 0.55 m.



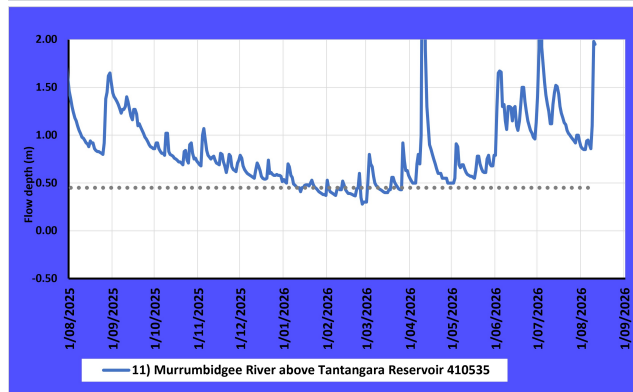
9. Hastings R at Mt
Seaview (site ID 207015)
Min. level = 0.55 m.



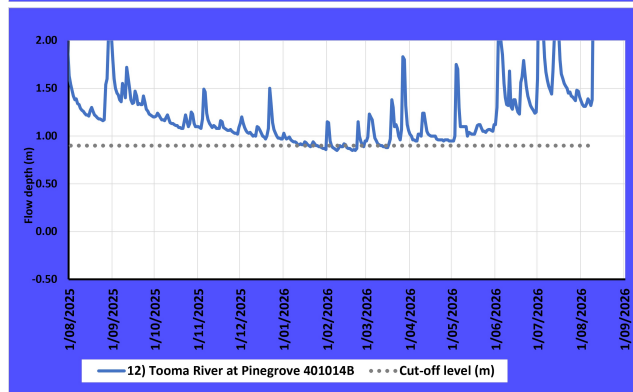
10. Barrington R at Bobs
Crossing (site ID 208001)
Min. level = 0.58 m.



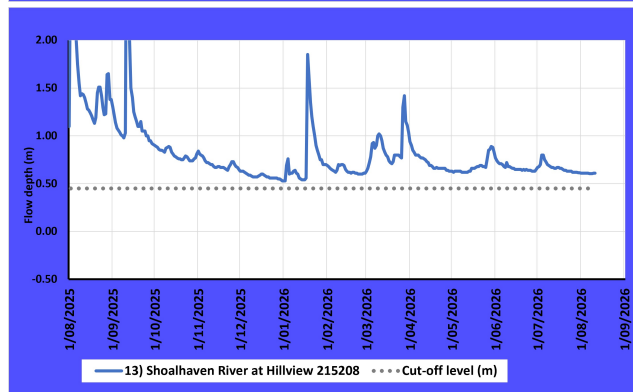
11. Murrumbidgee R
above Tantangara
Reservoir (site ID 410535)
Min. level = 0.45 m.



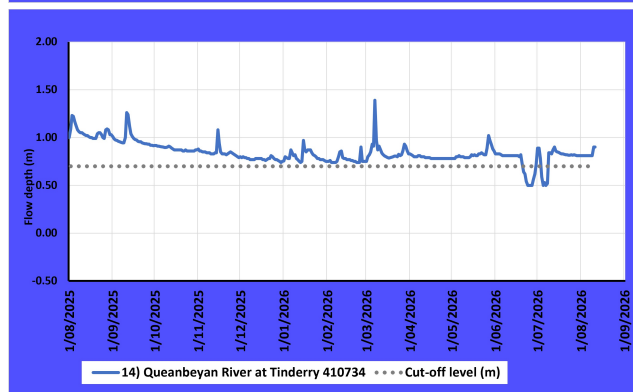
12. Tooma River at
Pinegrove (site ID
401014B)
Min. level = 0.88m.



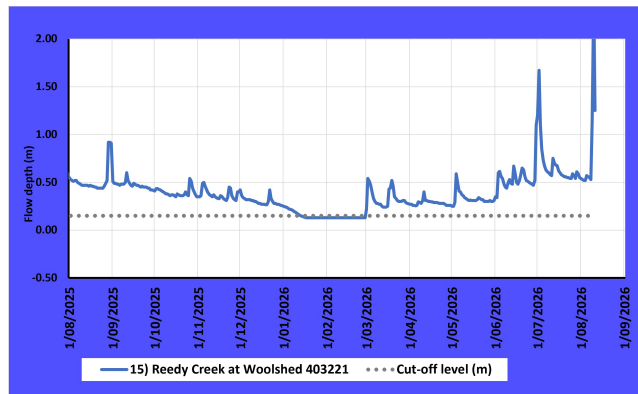
13. Shoalhaven R at
Hillview (site ID 215208)
Min. level = 0.45 m.



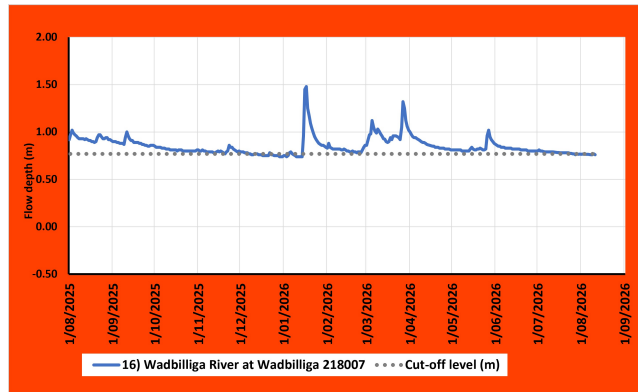
14. Queanbeyan R at
Tinderry (site ID 410734)
Min. level = 0.70 m.



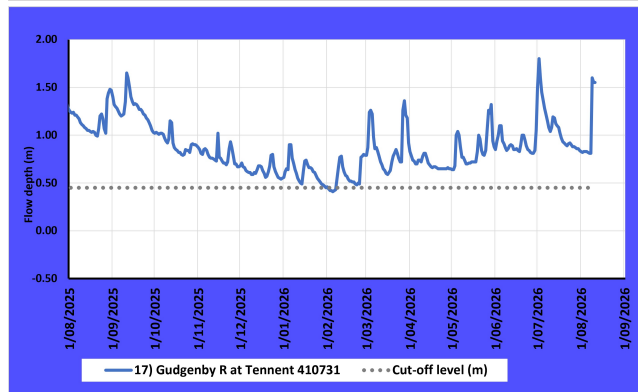
15. Reedy Creek (site ID 403221)
Min. level = 0.22 m.



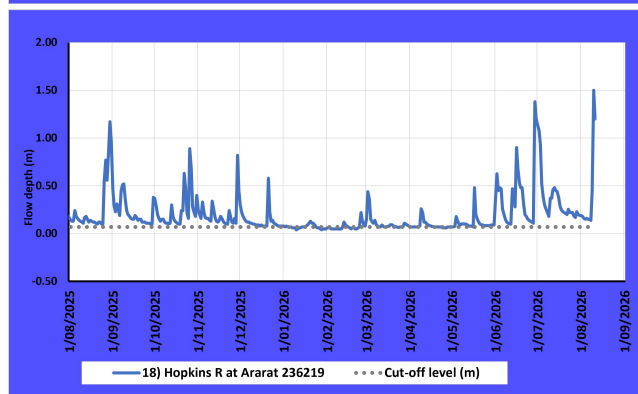
16. Wadbilliga R at Wadbilliga (site ID 218007)
Min. level = 0.75 m.



17. Gudgenby R at Mt Tennent (site ID 410731)
Min. level = 0.45 m.



18. Hopkins R at Ararat (site ID 236219)
Min. level = 0.075 m.



ARCHIVE

Note that when these are archived, the real-time SSTA maps are for the print date not the issue date.

- [Early 6/26](#)
- [Early 5/26](#)
- [Early 4/26](#)
- [Early 3/26](#)
- [Late 1/26 update](#)
- [Mid 1/26 update](#)
- [Mid 12/25](#)

 [End 11/25](#)
 [Early 11/25](#)
 [Early 10/25](#)
 [Early 09/25](#)
 [Mid 08/25](#)
 [Early 07/25](#)
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